Appendix II.

[Vide answer to question No. 785 asked by Mr. Basheer Ahmed Sayeed at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 14th March 1934, page 225 supra.]

How many leper clinics have been established in the District of South Arcot and how many are proposed to be started.	What are the places where these leper clinics are located and to be located.	What are the qualifications of doctors in charge of these clinics.	What is the remuneration to each one of these doctors.	What is the number of patients that attended each one of these clinics during the period they have been in existence. Total number treated.	Bi-weekly average attendance.	What is the nature of the treatment that is given to the patients and what is the period for which the patients are treated.	Whether any report has been called for or will be called for as to the progress made and the number of patients cured in the various clinics.	What is the total expenditure that has been incurred by the Government for leper relief in South Arcot and Salem districts.
(1)	(2)		3)	(4)		(5)	•(6)	(7)
	Government—							
Thirty-four leper clinics have been opened.	Cuddalore	L.M.P. ..	Nil.	5,946	33·55			
	Chidambaram ..	L.M.S. ..		470	64·30			
	Villupuram ..	„ ..		2,409	59·79			
	Tindivanam ..	„ ..		1,719	22·11			
	Kallakurchi ..	L.MP. and D.T.M. (Cal.).		1,104	64·50			
It is proposed to open one more clinic in one of the municipal dispensaries at Cuddalore.	Local Fund—							
	Vriddhachalam ..	L.M.S. and B.S.Sc.		337	37·63	Injection of Oleum Hydnocarpi with 4 per cent double distilled creosotum and Oleum Hydnocarpi Athylicum with 4 per cent double distilled creosotum. External application of Oleum Hydnocarpi and solution of Acidum Trichloracetic eticum. Besides this treatment the co-existing diseases like Anæmia, Ankylostomiasis, Anti-syphilis, etc., are being treated. Advice with regard to sanitary and hygienic living is given. Treatment is given till the time of the disappearance of the symptoms and signs — average 2 years.	Monthly and quarterly statements regarding the leprosy patients treated and the progress made by the clinics are being received for each clinic by the District Medical Officer and the Chief Leprosy Officer. The reports received from the medical officers show that the lepers who undergo treatment regularly are greatly benefited. In some cases the disease has been completely arrested and in most cases the result has been highly satisfactory. Twenty-three and 15 cases who were regularly undergoing treatment for about a period of two years in the Government Headquarters Hospital, Cuddalore, and Government Hospitals, Chidambaram, respectively, are reported to have become symptoms free and apparently cured.	Rs. 1,386 in the South Arcot district and Rupees 7,408-12-3 in the Salem * district.
	Tirukkoyilur ..	L.M.P. ..		1,261	202			
	Kurinjipadi ..	„ ..		141	41·90			
	Nellikuppam ..	„ ..		349	80·22			
	Panruti	„ ..		258	63			
	Porto Novo ..	„ ..		90	28·76			
	Kattumannarkoil ..	„ ..		160	56·75			
	Srimushnam ..	„ ..		439	105			
	Tittagudi	„ ..		273	65·18			
	Chinnasalem ..	„ ..		252	59·30			
	Sankarapuram ..	„ ..		242	97·80			
	Ulundurpet ..	„ ..		407	70·66			
	Tiruvennainallur ..	„ ..		218	45·90			
	Vanur	„ ..		50	10·04			
	Merkanam	„ ..		64	16·73			
	Valavanur	„ ..		134	26·66			
	Gingee	„ ..		1,250	177·08			
	Subsidized rural dispensaries—							
	Kullanchavadi ..	L.M.S. ..	A remuneration of Rs. 100 per annum is paid by the South Arcot District Leper Relief Council to each subsidized rural medical practitioner who does leprosy work.	24	13·30			
	Thookanampakam.	L.MP. ..		171	56·07			
	Komaratchi ..	„ ..		115	45·39			
	T. Nedunjeri ..	„ ..		13	7·66			
	Settiatope ..	„ ..		194	60·60			
	Mangalampet ..	„ ..		142	34·75			
	Pennadam ..	„ ..		299	86			
	Tirunamanallur	„ ..		161	62·58			
	Rettanai	„ ..		71	14			
	Vikkiravandi ..	„ ..		130	45			
	Brahmadesam ..	„ ..		49	9·74			
	Avalurpet	„ ..		455	85·73			

* The figures do not include the cost of Social Leprosy propaganda conducted by Mrs. A. H. A. Todd and Mr. K. S. Curtis in South Arcot and Salem districts.